

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A process for recycling carbon dioxide emissions from a fossil fuel power plant into carbonated species, comprising the steps of:

a) combustion of a fossil fuel, thereby generating heat and a hot exhaust gas containing CO<sub>2</sub>;

b) converting said heat into energy;

the process being characterized in that it comprises the steps of:

c) cooling said exhaust gas; and

d) reducing the amount of CO<sub>2</sub> contained in the cooled exhaust gas by biologically transforming said CO<sub>2</sub> into carbonated species; thereby obtaining a low CO<sub>2</sub> exhaust gas.

2. (Original) A process as defined in claim 1, characterized in that step d) comprises the steps of:

- catalyzing the hydration of at least a portion of the CO<sub>2</sub> contained in the exhaust gas and producing a solution containing hydrogen ions and carbonate ions; and

- adding to said solution metal ions, and adjusting the pH of the solution to precipitate a carbonate of said metal;

wherein said hydration is catalyzed by a biocatalyst capable of catalyzing the hydration of dissolved CO<sub>2</sub> into hydrogen ions and bicarbonate ions.

3. (Original) A process as defined in claim 2, characterized in that said biocatalyst is selected from the group consisting of enzyme, cellular organelle, mammal cells and vegetal cells.

4. (Original) A process as defined in claim 3, characterized in that the biocatalyst is the enzyme carbonic anhydrase or an analogue thereof.

5. (Original) A process as defined in claim 2, wherein step d) comprises the step of:
  - feeding liquid H<sub>2</sub>O and at least a portion of the exhaust gas into a bioreactor containing therein a reaction chamber filled with said biocatalyst.
6. (Original) A process as defined in claim 5, characterized in that the biocatalyst is immobilized on solid supports packing the bioreactor.
7. (Original) A process as defined in claim 2, wherein step d) comprises the step of:
  - feeding at least a portion of the exhaust gas into a bioreactor containing therein a reaction chamber filled with said biocatalyst in suspension in a liquid phase.
8. (Original) A process as defined in claim 7, characterized in that the biocatalyst is free in said aqueous liquid phase, or immobilized on solid supports or entrapped inside a solid matrix.
9. (Original) A process as defined in any one of claims 2 to 8, characterized in that, in step c), the exhaust gas is cooled to a temperature sufficiently low so as to maintain a catalytic effect of the biocatalyst.
10. (Original) A process as defined in any one of claims 1 to 9, characterized in that it comprises, prior to step d) of reducing, the step of:
  - removing from the exhaust gas additional contaminants contained in the exhaust gas.
11. (Original) A process as defined in claim 10, characterized in that said additional contaminants are selected from the group consisting of ash, NO<sub>x</sub> and SO<sub>2</sub>.
12. (Original) A process as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that the metal ions are selected from the group consisting of calcium, barium, magnesium and sodium ions.

13. (Original) A process as defined in claim 12, characterized in that said metal ions are  $\text{Ca}^{++}$  and the carbonate is  $\text{CaCO}_3$ .

14. (Original) A process as defined in any one of claims 1 to 13, characterized in that step c) of cooling is performed by means of a heat exchanger that removes heat from said cooled exhaust gas, the heat removed being recycled in step b) of the process.

15. (Currently Amended) A power plant ~~for producing energy from fossil fuel, and recycling carbon dioxide emissions into carbonated species, the plant comprising:~~

- a combustion unit for burning fossil fuel, thereby producing heat and an exhaust gas containing  $\text{CO}_2$ ;

- means for converting said heat into energy;

the plant being characterized in that it comprises:

- means for cooling the exhaust gas;

- biological means for biologically transforming at least a portion of the  $\text{CO}_2$  from the cooled exhaust gas into hydrogen ions and carbonate ions; and

- precipitation means for precipitating carbonated species from the carbonate ions.

16. (Original) A power plant as defined in claim 15, characterized in that said means for cooling the exhaust gas comprises a heat exchanger.

17. (Original) A power plant as defined in claim 15, characterized in that said biological means comprises a bioreactor including a reaction chamber filled with a biocatalyst capable of catalyzing the hydration of dissolved  $\text{CO}_2$  into hydrogen ions and bicarbonate ions.

18. (Original) A power plant as defined in claim 17, characterized in that the reaction chamber comprises:

- a liquid inlet for receiving an aqueous liquid;

- a gas inlet for receiving the cooled exhaust gas to be treated;
- a gas outlet for releasing a low CO<sub>2</sub> gas; and
- a liquid outlet for releasing a solution containing carbonate ions.

19. (Original) A power plant as defined in claim 18, characterized in that the precipitating means comprises:

- a precipitation vessel to react said bicarbonate ions with metal ions and precipitate a carbonate of said metal.

20. (Original) A power plant as defined in claim 18, characterized in that the biocatalyst is immobilized on solid supports packing the reaction chamber.

21. (Original) A power plant as defined in claim 18, characterized in that the biocatalyst is in suspension in an aqueous phase filling the reaction chamber.

22. (Original) A power plant as defined in claim 21, characterized in that the biocatalyst is free in said liquid phase, immobilized on solid supports or entrapped inside a solid matrix.